§ 654.60

funds received for the period during which he or she was ineligible.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070d-35, 1070d-36 to 1070d-38)

Subpart G—What Post-Award Conditions Must an SEA Meet?

§ 654.60 What requirements must an SEA meet in the administration of this program?

- (a) To receive and continue to receive payments under this part, an SEA shall—
- (1) Comply with the criteria, procedures, and assurances in its approved participation agreement:
- (2) Disburse the scholarship funds in accordance with §654.50 to the scholar, the institution of higher education in which the scholar enrolls, or copayable to the scholar and the institution of higher education in which the scholar enrolls:
- (3) Collect any scholarship funds improperly disbursed under §654.50;
- (4) Make reports to the Secretary that the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the Secretary's functions under this part; and
- (5) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, expend all funds received from the Secretary for scholarships during the award period specified by the Secretary for those funds.
- (b) After awarding all scholarship funds during an award year, as required by paragraph (a)(5) of this section, an SEA may retain any funds that are subsequently returned or collected for scholarship awards in the following award period.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0612)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070d-33, 1070d-35)

PART 655—INTERNATIONAL EDU-CATION PROGRAMS—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subpart A—General

Sec.

- $655.1\,$ Which programs do these regulations govern?
- 655.3 What regulations apply to the International Education Programs?
- 655.4 What definitions apply to the International Education Programs?

Subpart B—What Kinds of Projects Does the Secretary Assist?

655.10 What kinds of projects does the Secretary assist?

Subpart C [Reserved]

Subpart D—How Does the Secretary Make a Grant?

- 655.30 How does the Secretary evaluate an application?
- application?
 655.31 What general selection criteria does
 the Secretary use?
- 655.32 What additional factors does the Secretary consider in making grant awards?

AUTHORITY: 20 U.S.C 1121-1130b, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 47 FR 14116, Apr. 1, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§655.1 Which programs do these regulations govern?

The regulations in this part govern the administration of the following programs in international education:

- (a) The National Resource Centers Program for Foreign Language and Area Studies or Foreign Language and International Studies (section 602 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended);
- (b) The Language Resource Centers Program (section 603);
- (c) The Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language Program (section 604);
- (d) The International Research and Studies Program (section 605); and
- (e) The Business and International Education Program (section 613).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1121–1130b)

[47 FR 14116, Apr. 1, 1982, as amended at 58 FR 32575, June 10, 1993; 64 FR 7739, Feb. 16, 1999]

§655.3 What regulations apply to the International Education Programs?

The following regulations apply to the International Education Programs:

- (a) The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) as follows:
- (1) 34 CFR part 74 (Administration of Grants to Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and Nonprofit Organizations).

- (2) 34 CFR part 75 (Direct Grant Programs).
- (3) 34 CFR part 77 (Definitions that Apply to Department Regulations).
- (4) 34 CFR part 79 (Intergovernmental Review of Department of Education Programs and Activities), except that part 79 does not apply to 34 CFR parts 660, 669, and 671.
- (5) 34 CFR part 82 (New Restrictions on Lobbying).
- (6) 34 CFR part 85 (Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Non-procurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)).
- (7) 34 CFR part 86 (Drug-Free Schools and Campuses).
- (b) The regulations in this part 655; and
- (c) As appropriate, the regulations in—
- (1) 34 CFR part 656 (National Resource Centers Program for Foreign Language and Area Studies or Foreign Language and International Studies);
- (2) 34 CFR part 657 (Foreign Language and Area Studies Fellowships Program):
- (3) 34 CFR part 658 (Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language Program);
- (4) 34 CFR part 660 (International Research and Studies Program);
- (5) 34 CFR part 661 (Business and International Education Program); and
- (6) 34 CFR part 669 (Language Resource Centers Program).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1121-1127; 1221e-3)

 $[47\ \mathrm{FR}\ 14116,\ \mathrm{Apr.}\ 1,\ 1982,\ \mathrm{as}\ \mathrm{amended}\ \mathrm{at}\ 58\ \mathrm{FR}\ 32575,\ \mathrm{June}\ 10,\ 1993;\ 64\ \mathrm{FR}\ 7739,\ \mathrm{Feb}.\ 16,\ 1999]$

§ 655.4 What definitions apply to the International Education Programs?

(a) Definitions in EDGAR. The following terms used in this part and 34 CFR parts 656, 657, 658, 660, 661, and 669 are defined in 34 CFR part 77:

Acquisition Applicant Application Award Budget Contract EDGAR Equipment Facilities Fiscal year Grant
Grantee
Grant period
Local educational agency
Nonprofit
Project
Project period
Private
Public
Secretary
State educational agency
Supplies

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1121–1127)

(b) Definitions that apply to these programs: The following definitions apply to International Education Programs:

Consortium of institutions of higher education means a group of institutions of higher education that have entered into a cooperative arrangement for the purpose of carrying out a common objective, or a public or private nonprofit agency, organization, or institution designated or created by a group of institutions of higher education for the purpose of carrying out a common objective on their behalf.

Critical languages means each of the languages contained in the list of critical languages designated by the Secretary pursuant to section 212(d) of the Education for Economic Security Act, except that, in the implementation of this definition, the Secretary may set priorities according to the purposes of title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

Institution of higher education means, in addition to an institution that meets the definition of section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, an institution that meets the requirements of section 101(a) except that (1) it is not located in the United States, and (2) it applies for assistance under title VI of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, in consortia with institutions that meet the definitions in section 101(a).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1121-1127, and 1141)

[47 FR 14116, Apr. 1, 1982, as amended at 58 FR 32575, June 10, 1993; 64 FR 7739, Feb. 16, 1999; 74 FR 35072, July 17, 2009]